

#### **Attendance/Reading Quiz!**

# Mu 102: Principles of Music

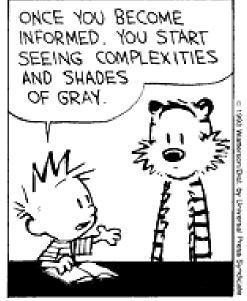
Borough of Manhattan Community College

Instructor: Dr. Alice Jones

Fall 2018

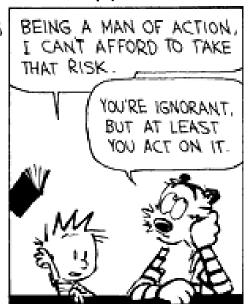
Sections 0701 (MW 7:30-8:45a) and 2001 (TTh 8:30-9:45p)





YOU REALIZE THAT NOTHING IS AS CLEAR AND SIMPLE AS IT FIRST APPEARS. ULTIMATELY, KNOWLEDGE IS PARALYZING.



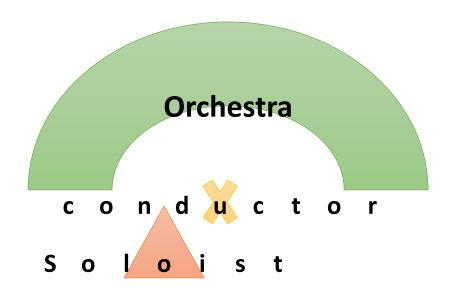


## Recap

- Opera is a public form of spectacle and entertainment that emerged in the Baroque period and is still made today
- Two kinds of singing
  - Aria
  - Recitative

#### Genre: Concerto

- Soloist and accompanying ensemble (usually an orchestra)
  - The soloist plays more difficult and interesting material
- Usually in 3 movements:
  - I. Allegro
  - II. Adagio
  - III. Allegro
- How many instruments are playing can create sudden dynamic changes



Performances during the Baroque era didn't usually have a conductor.

### Who's the soloist?

- The soloist plays more commanding, difficult, virtuosic, and interesting material than the accompanying ensemble
- Any instrument can be a soloist





W. A. Mozart, Piano Concerto No. 20 in D minor, K. 466 (1785) Alfred Brendel (b. 1937), piano Edward Elgar, Cello Concerto in E minor, Op. 85 (1919)
Jacqueline du Pre (1945-87), cello

## Group final project, day 2: Reconnaissance

End goal of this project: Presenting an NYC non-profit music organization and how you would improve it to the class

- Figure out what you need to accomplish by the end of the day
- Plan your time accordingly
- Go!

#### Reminders

- December 5: Analysis 2 (in-class essay)
  - You received a link to a video to prepare for this in-class essay
- Optional article roundtable, online discussion rewrites due by December 12
  - Instructions are included on the grading sheets for these assignments
- Concert Response Essay due December 12